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Beach water quality reports underscore infrastructure woes



Life guards at Wollaston Beach as stormy weather approaches on Thursday, July 8, 2021 Gred Derr/The Patriot Ledger

Though two environmental nonprofits have released differing reports on water quality at Boston-area beaches in recent weeks, both agree that sewage discharges significantly contribute to unsafe swimming conditions.

Environment Massachusetts this Environment Massachusetts this week released its annual report highlighting local beaches where water samples tested for concentrations of fecal bacteria greater than the Environmental Protection Agency's highest warning level. That threshold is associated with an illness rate of 32 per 1,000 swimmers.

Of the 556 locations examined (some beaches have more than one sampling location) in Massachusetts, the report concludes that 264 tested beaches were potentially unsafe for swimming on at least one day in 2020 and that 29 beaches were potentially unsafe on at least 25 percent of the days they were tested.

Save The Harbor/Save The Bay, which released its own report card of water quality at Bostonarea beaches July 4, took exception to Environment Massachusetts' methods and said that one day of water samples exceeding the EPA limit is not a good barometer of safety for swimming.

"Though it makes a good headline, it is hyperbolic to suggest that swimming on 264 out of 457 beaches in out of 457 beaches in Massachusetts poses a threat to human health because they may have failed one water quality test in 2020 after a summer rain," Executive Director Chris Mancini said Monday. "It is misleading to release a report which includes beaches like M Street Beach in South Boston, which has failed just one test in five years alongside beaches like King's Beach in Lynn and Swampscott or Tenean Beach in Dorchester that were unsafe for Swampscott or Teneau Deacu in Dorchester that were unsafe for swimming more than one out of every five days in 2020."

Mancini said the Environment Massachusetts report is "overly simplistic" and fails to make important distinctions "that should drive critical investments should drive chical investments in clean water where we need it the most" and "obscures the fact that this is an environmental justice issue, as our most diverse communities of color and need often have the poorest water quality on their beaches."

A similar disagreement over the validity of beach water quality reports erupted in 2019. Five beaches — Carson Beach, City Point and Pleasure Bay in South Boston, and Revere Beach and Winthrop Beach — secured perfect 100 percent ratings for 2020 in this year's Save The Harbor/Save The Bay report card. Overall, water quality at Boston Harbor region beaches managed by the Department of Conservation and Recreation "was 93%, which was an improvement over the prior year, which had a score of 89%," the organization said. organization said.

In 2020, Wollaston Beach scored 85 percent, down from 87 percent the year before and 93 percent in 2018. The six-year average for Wollaston is 89 percent, ranking it near the bottom of the 15 beaches the organization surveys.

The organization said rainfall has The organization said rainfall has a significant impact on the water quality tests because of runoff.

"Wollaston, in dry weather, is a good place to swim. In wet weather, it's problematic," said Bruce Berman, Save the Harbor/Save the Bay's director of strategy and communication.

The organization said 2020 was The organization said 2020 was a relatively dry year with few big storms. Quincy's beach was sampled daily, while other beaches surveyed, including Nantasket in Hull, were sampled weekly. Nantasket scored 98 percent in 2020.

Water quality remained below average at Tenean Beach in

Dorchester (79 percent for 2020) and at King's Beach in Lynn and Swampscott (70 percent for 2020), according to Save The Harbor/Save The Bay's report card.

"While we are delighted with the progress that we have made on most of the region's public beaches, we are disappointed to report that Tenean Beach in Lynn and Swampscott were still unsafe for swimming more than one out of every five days in 2020." Mancini said. "While we are delighted with the progress that we have made on most of the region's public advisories within two hours of a discharge and every eight hours of the region's public beaches, we are disappointed to report that Tenean Beach in Dorchester and King's Beach in Lynn and Swampscott were still unsafe for swimming more than one out of every five days in 2020." At the time of the signing advocates said that about 3 every five days in 2020. While we are disappointed to report that Tenean Beach in Dorchester and King's Beach in Lynn and Swampscott were still unsafe for swimming more than one out of every five days in 2020. When the progress that we have made on most of the region's public beaches, we are disappointed to report that Tenean Beach in Dorchester and King's Beach in Lynn and Swampscott were still unsafe for swimming more than one out of every five days in 2020. When the progress in the summer storm intensity and frequency can often explain the summer storm intensity and frequency can often explain the summer storm intensity and frequency can often explain the summer storm intensity and frequency can often explain the summer storm intensity and frequency can often explain the summer storm intensity and frequency can often explain the summer storm intensity and frequency can often explain the summer storm intensity and frequency can often explain the summer storm intensity and frequency can often explain the summer storm intensity and frequency can often explain the summer storm intensity and frequency can often explain the summer storm intensity and frequency can often explain the summe Swampscott were still unsafe for swimming more than one out of every five days in 2020," Mancini said. "We are particularly concerned about the situation at King's Beach, where filthy, bacteria laden discharges from both Lynn and Swampscott at Stacey Brook continue to threaten public health."

Environment Massachusetts highlighted King's Beach in its report Monday and said the water there "tested as potentially unsafe for 64 days, more days than any other beach in the state, and 75% of the days that sampling took place."

"Now is the time to fix our water infrastructure and stop the flow of pathogens to our beaches," Environment Massachusetts state director Ben Hellerstein said. "Now that Massachusetts is shining a light on pollution in our waterways, let's improve our water infrastructure to end these sewage discharges once and for all. With the right investments, a cleaner, healthier, pollution-free future is within reach."

At the time of the signing, advocates said that about 3 billion gallons of raw or partially treated sewage are discharged to the state's waterways each year.

Earlier this year. Quincy agreed to pay a \$115,000 penalty and spend \$100 million to improve stormwater and sewer systems after a federal lawsuit accused Quincy of releasing sewage and untreated wastewater into Boston Harbor, Dorchester Bay, Quincy Bay and other public waterways.

Quincy Day and waterways.
Despite massive cleanup efforts over the last two decades, the federal Environmental Protection Agency said Quincy had not done enough to stop the

pollution.
Bernan said Quincy Mayor
Thomas Koch deserved credit
for the city's efforts.
"Mayor Koch's willingness to
invest in clean water is
laudable," Bernan said.
Safe swimming is about more
than water quality. A spate of
drownings this summer led the
Baker administration to impose
new limits on swimming at all. With the right investments, a cleaner, healthier, pollution-free future is within reach."

Parts of the Boston area have combined sewer systems in which surface runoff enters the sewer. Heavy rain reduces capacity as stormwater and groundwater overwhelm the systems, often leading to discharges of sewage and runoff into public waterways. The discharges can carry bacteria and cause algae bloom. The issue is also a major concern along the Merrimack River.

Amid Friday's tropical rainstorms, the Massachusetts water Resources Authority reported 11 combined sewer outflows in Boston Harbor and along the Charles and Mystic rivers ranging from an hour and 45 minutes to nearly eight hours. The MWRA reported three outflows, one still ongoing, as of 12:30 p.m. Monday after more rain fell on the region.